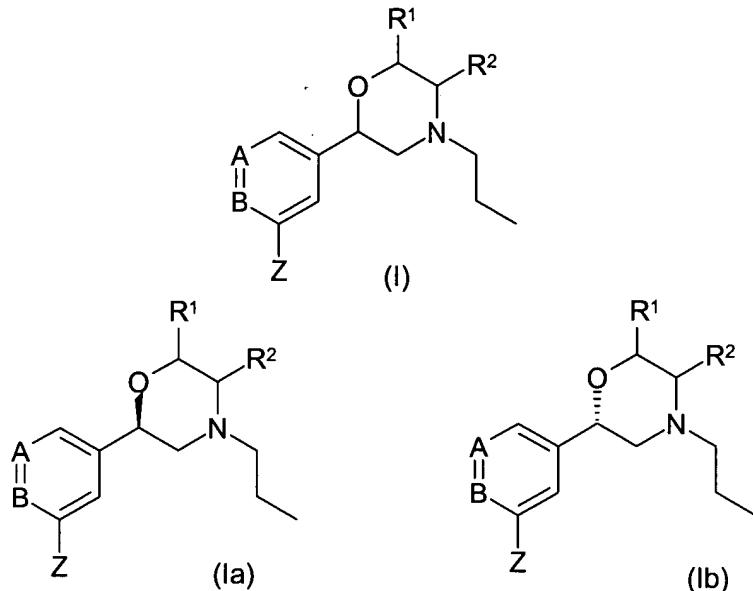


Abstract

The present invention provides for compounds Compounds of formula (I), (Ia) and (Ib)



Wherein:

$\text{A}$  is selected from  $\text{C-X}$  and  $\text{N}$ ;

$\text{B}$  is selected from  $\text{C-Y}$  and  $\text{N}$ ;

$\text{R}^1$  is selected from  $\text{H}$  and  $(\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6)$ alkyl;

$\text{R}^2$  is selected from  $\text{H}$  and  $(\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6)$ alkyl;

$\text{X}$  is selected from  $\text{H}$ ,  $\text{HO}$ ,  $\text{C(O)NH}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_2$

$\text{Y}$  is selected from  $\text{H}$ ,  $\text{HO}$ ,  $\text{NH}_2$ ,  $\text{Br}$ ,  $\text{Cl}$  and  $\text{F}$

$\text{Z}$  is selected from  $\text{H}$ ,  $\text{HO}$ ,  $\text{F}$ ,  $\text{CONH}_2$  and  $\text{CN}$ ;

And pharmaceutically acceptable salts, solvates and prodrugs thereof;

With the provisos that:

for a compound of formula (I), (Ia) or (Ib), when  $\text{A}$  is  $\text{C-X}$ ,  $\text{B}$  is  $\text{C-Y}$ ,  $\text{R}^1$  is  $\text{H}$  or  $(\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6)$ alkyl and  $\text{R}^2$  is  $\text{H}$  or  $(\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6)$ alkyl at least one of  $\text{X}$ ,  $\text{Y}$  and  $\text{Z}$  must be  $\text{OH}$ ;

for a compound of formula (I), when  $\text{A}$  is  $\text{C-X}$  and  $\text{B}$  is  $\text{C-Y}$ ,  $\text{Y}$  is  $\text{H}$ ,  $\text{Z}$  is  $\text{H}$ ,  $\text{R}^1$  is  $\text{H}$  and  $\text{R}^2$  is  $\text{H}$ , then  $\text{X}$  cannot be  $\text{OH}$ ;

these compounds are useful as a medicament.